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SUPERIOR COURT
YAVAPAI COUNTY, ARIZONA

2010 MAR -8 AM 8:25

JEANNE HICKS, CLERK

Snaunna Kelbaugh

BY: _____

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF STATE OF ARIZONA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF YAVAPAI

STATE OF ARIZONA,

Plaintiff,

v.

STEVEN CARROLL DEMOCKER,

Defendant.

Cause No. P1300CR20081339

Division 6

**STATE'S CONSOLIDATED RESPONSE
TO DEFENDANT'S MOTIONS TO
PRECLUDE: 1) THE STATE'S
COMPUTER FORENSIC EXPERTS AND
REPORTS; AND 2) EVIDENCE OF LATE
SORENSEN LABORATORY FORENSIC
TESTING**

The State of Arizona, by and through Sheila Sullivan Polk, Yavapai County Attorney, and her deputy undersigned, hereby submits its consolidated response to the motions listed in the caption. Defendant's argument in both the motions is essentially the same; therefore, a consolidated response is appropriate. The State's position is supported by the attached Memorandum of Points and Authorities.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

Defendant asks this Court to preclude the State from offering its computer forensics experts and reports as well as any results from recent testing at Sorenson Laboratory. Defendant claims he is entitled to preclusion based upon the State's alleged violations of *Ariz. R. Crim. P.*, Rule 15.1.

1 **LAW:**

2 *Ariz. R. Crim. P.*, Rule 15.1 outlines the State's duties regarding discovery. Rule
3 15.1(b)(4) specifically addresses disclosure of physical examinations, scientific testing,
4 experiments, and comparisons. In *State ex rel. Thomas v. Newell (Milagro)*, 221 Ariz. 112,
5 210 P.3d 1283 (App. 2009), the Court of Appeals reviewed a trial court's order requiring the
6 State to disclose, within a limited amount of time, results of scientific comparisons that had
7 not yet been completed. The Court held that Rule 15.1:

8 ... does not prohibit the trial court from setting additional
9 deadlines in the interest of promoting judicial efficiency and
10 managing its calendar. The court's inherent power to manage
11 its cases is reflected in the language of Rule 15.1. The court has
12 discretion to vary from those deadlines, as evidenced by the
13 language "[u]nless otherwise ordered by the court" that begins
14 subsections (a), (c), and (e). The trial court, therefore, has
15 discretion to adjust disclosure deadlines pursuant to its inherent
16 powers and the language of Rule 15.1.

17 *State ex rel. Thomas v. Newell (Milagro)*, 221 Ariz. 112, 115, 210 P.3d 1283, 1286 (App.
18 2009) (citations omitted).

19 The Court added, however, that "[t]he same discretion does not extend to determining
20 what must be disclosed pursuant to Rule 15.1(b)." *Id.* In its ruling, the Court stated that
21 "[b]ecause the analysis had not been completed ... the State could not disclose it. The State
22 had not violated the Rule 15 deadlines ... and was, therefore, not subject to sanction.¹" *Id.*
23 Additionally, even where "*a sanction is warranted, it should have minimal effect on the
24 evidence and the merits of the case. Precluding evidence is rarely the appropriate sanction.*"
25 *State v. Towery*, 186 Ariz. 168, 186, 920 P.2d 290, 308 (1996). (emphasis added).

26 ¹ The Court noted that it assumed, without deciding, that the results of completed scientific
testing constituted new or different information as contemplated by Rule 15.6.

1 Rule 15.6(a) provides that "each party shall make additional disclosure, seasonally,
2 whenever new or different information ... is discovered." In the event any part expects
3 disclosure to be "forthcoming within 30 days of trial," the court and other parties must be
4 notified. Rule 15.6(b). Pursuant to Rule 15.6(c), the final deadline for disclosure is 7 days
5 before trial. Neither of these deadlines has been reached.

6
7 ***I. Computer Forensic Experts and Reports.***

8 The electronic media seized in this case, much like the disclosure to date, is vast. In
9 addition to at least four hard drives, numerous other items such as flash drives, CDs, DVDs,
10 iPods and digital cameras have been submitted for testing. The defense's allegation that
11 examination did not begin on these devices until months after the evidence was seized is
12 incorrect. Initial examinations were performed by YCSO detectives before the devices were
13 sent to the DPS Computer Forensic Lab. As the Court is aware, the defense is correct in stating
14 the examinations of all of the materials are not yet complete. The State is moving as
15 expeditiously as possible to finish these examinations and will disclose all resulting reports
16 as soon as practicably possible after they are received by the prosecutor's office.

17
18 To the so-called Encase case file, Sgt. Arthur testified that he did not use that term and
19 that there was no record of every single hit obtained when key word searches were performed.
20 Sgt. Arthur testified that often times there were hundreds of thousands of search hits and only
21 those deemed relevant to the case were documented. Ms. Chapman thoroughly questioned Sgt.
22 Arthur about the forensic procedures followed by the lab. The fact that his answers were not of
23 the "text book" variety she anticipated does not lessen his expertise or credibility as the head of
24 the forensic department, nor should it bring into question the quality of the testing performed at
25 the lab.
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1 This Court has heard testimony related to the emails between Defendant and Carol
2 shortly before her death. This evidence shows Defendant had pecuniary motive to end Carol's
3 life. This Court also heard evidence that Defendant's computer contained information gathered
4 from the internet on how to kill someone and make it look like an accident or suicide. This
5 evidence has been disclosed in a timely manner, however, this evidence was relatively easy to
6 identify and was literally just the tip of the iceberg as it was all that was seen at first glance.

8 The defense team's allegation that the State is purposefully interfering with their ability
9 to conduct a review is fundamentally inaccurate. The simple fact is that these intensive
10 computer searches take time. The mirror images of these computers have been in the
11 possession of the defense while this research has been conducted. Furthermore, Defendant is
12 the person that did the original research on this subject matter. It only seems reasonable that he
13 would know where to look for his own research. As there has been no disclosure violation
14 regarding results of testing that is not yet complete, Defendant's request for preclusion of this
15 yet to be identified evidence should be denied.

17 ***II. Sorenson Laboratory***

18 The defense team continually misrepresents this Court's Order dated May 12, 2009.
19 On that date, this Court ordered the State to disclose everything within its possession on that
20 date to the defense by June 22, 2009. The Court clarified its Order, citing *State ex rel.*
21 *Thomas v. Newell (Milagro)*, 221 Ariz. 112, 210 P.3d 1283 (App. 2009), affirming that the
22 June 22 deadline "pertains to information in the State's possession, not to testing or analysis
23 reports which have not yet been concluded and/or produced." (See Exhibit A, Minute Entry
24 dated June 3, 2009.) The State complied with that Order with the exception of several items
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26

1 that required intense redaction. The State requested and received from the Court additional
2 time to deliver that evidence.

3 As the State has reiterated on several occasions, the investigation of this case is on-
4 going. Additional testing is necessary to ensure that every possible avenue has been explored
5 in the State's attempt to resolve all unknowns. The State provided the list of material sent to
6 Sorenson within two days of its delivery. The State received documents pertaining to what
7 type of testing would be performed on February 25, 2010, however, these contained a
8 mixture of documents from this case and an unrelated case. The State requested and has just
9 received a full set of the correct documents. These may have already been delivered to the
10 defense team by the filing of this response.

11 Moreover, defense team has yet to interview any witness from Sorenson. The
12 addition of new results can easily be reviewed and compiled with those previously received.
13 As there is no disclosure violation associated with testing that has yet to be completed,
14 Defendant's request to preclude any pending results from Sorenson Laboratory should be
15 denied.

16 **CONCLUSION:**

17 Defendant's unrelenting and overstated complaints regarding the State's alleged failure
18 to comply with Rule 15 need to be taken in the proper context. The defense team has made it
19 their mission to complain and cry foul each and every time an issue is not addressed to their
20 satisfaction. They persistently point out delays and allege they are deliberate, regardless of the
21 material's evidentiary value or actual significance. The State asks the Court to separate the
22 overblown complaints from reality and to not be unduly swayed by what amounts to extremely
23 exaggerated accusations regarding the State's disclosure habits in this case. Defendant's
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1 Motion to preclude the DPS experts and reports as well as the testing or analysis reports which
2 have not yet been concluded and/or produced from the DPS Lab or Sorenson Lab should be
3 denied.

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5
6 RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 8th day of March, 2010.

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8
9 Sheila Sullivan Polk
YAVAPAI COUNTY ATTORNEY

10
11 By: 

12 Joseph C. Butner
13 Deputy County Attorney

14
15 COPIES of the foregoing delivered this 8th day of March, 2010 to:

16 Honorable Thomas J. Lindberg
17 Division 6
18 Yavapai County Superior Court
(via email)

19 John Sears
20 107 North Cortez Street, Suite 104
21 Prescott, AZ 86301
22 Attorney for Defendant
(via email)

23 Larry Hammond
24 Anne Chapman
25 Osborn Maledon, P.A.
26 2929 North Central Ave, 21st Floor
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By: R. Webb

STATE'S EXHIBIT A

COURT ORDER Clarifying Minute Entry Order
Entered on May 12th, 2009.

w/o

SUPERIOR COURT, STATE OF ARIZONA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF YAVAPAI

STATE OF ARIZONA (Plaintiff) vs. STEVEN CARROLL DEMOCKER (Defendant)	Case No. CR 2008-1339 COURT ORDER clarifying: Minute Entry Order Entered on May 12th, 2009	<div style="text-align: right;">FILED</div> DATE: <u>JUN 03 2009</u> <u>1</u> O'Clock <u>P</u> M. JEANNE HICKS, CLERK BY: <u>S. S. [Signature]</u> <div style="text-align: right;">Deputy</div>
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HONORABLE Thomas B. Lindberg DIVISION SIX	BY: Martha Wolfinger / Judicial Assistant Division Six DATE: June 3rd, 2009
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The Court by this Order clarifies the Minute Entry entered May 12, 2009. Therein, conflicting disclosure deadlines apparently were set for the State. On page one, the disclosure deadline was "60 days from (May 12, 2009)." On page two, the minute entry says the State is to produce what it has in its possession no later than June 22, 2009.

In keeping with the recent decision of *State v Newell (Milagro)*, -- Ariz. --, -- P.2d -- (1 CA-SA 09-0052, Court of Appeals filed June 2, 2009), the Court clarifies that the disclosure deadline of discoverable information in its possession is June 22, 2009. The State has a continuing obligation to make disclosure in a timely fashion subject to possible sanctions under Rule 15. But, as *Newell* makes clear, the deadline set pertains to information in the State's possession, not to testing or analysis reports which have not yet been concluded and/or produced.

DATED this 3rd day of June, 2009.



 The Honorable Thomas B. Lindberg
 Yavapai Superior Court / Division Six

cc: Joseph C. Butner III, Esq., Office of the Yavapai County Attorney (via e-mail this date)
 (e) John M. Sears, Esq., 107 North Cortez Street, Suite 104, Prescott, Arizona 86301 (via e-mail and facsimile this date to 928-445-1472)
 Larry A. Hammond, Esq., Anne M. Chapman, Esq., Osborn Maledon, P.A., 2929 North Central Avenue, 21st Floor, Phoenix, Arizona 85012-2793 (via e-mail and facsimile this date to: 602-640-6076)
 Victim Services: Attn. Marie Martinez

JUN 03 2009